



September 10, 2002

Mr. Darrell G-M Noga
Cooper & Scully
900 Jackson Street, Suite 100
Dallas, Texas 75202

OR2002-5057

Dear Mr. Noga:

You have asked whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Texas Public Information Act, chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 168320.

The City of Coppell (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for a copy of the police report pertaining to incident number 99-05229. You state that "front page" offense report information is being provided to the requestor, but assert that the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure based on sections 552.101, 552.108, 552.117, and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered your arguments and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.108(a) of the Government Code provides as follows:

(a) Information held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if:

(1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation or prosecution of crime; [or]

(2) it is information that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime only in relation to an investigation that did not result in conviction or deferred adjudication[.]

Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(1)-(2). Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(a); *see also Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977).

You argue that the submitted information is excepted under both section 552.108(a)(1) and 552.108(a)(2). Generally speaking, subdivisions 552.108(a)(1) and 552.108(a)(2) apply to two mutually exclusive types of information held by a law enforcement agency. Section 552.108(a)(1) protects information that pertains to a pending criminal investigation or prosecution. In contrast, section 552.108(a)(2) protects records that pertain to a concluded criminal investigation or prosecution that did not result in a conviction or a deferred adjudication.

In support of your argument under section 552.108(a)(2), you state that “we are advised the alleged offense at issue *has not resulted* in a conviction or deferred adjudication of any person *at this time*.” (Emphasis added). Based on the information you provided, we are unable to determine whether the submitted information pertains to a case that concluded in a result other than conviction or deferred adjudication. Therefore, we conclude that section 552.108(a)(2) is inapplicable to the submitted information. Furthermore, upon review of your arguments under section 552.108(a)(1), we are unable to determine whether the records pertain to an investigation or prosecution that is ongoing. Nor are we able to conclude that release of the submitted information would otherwise interfere with the detection or investigation of crime. Therefore, the submitted information may not be withheld under section 552.108.

You also raise section 552.117 of the Government Code. Section 552.117 excepts from disclosure the home addresses and telephone numbers, social security numbers, and family member information of current or former officials or employees of a governmental body who request that this information be kept confidential under section 552.024. Whether a particular piece of information is protected by section 552.117 must be determined at the time the request for it is made. *See* Open Records Decision No. 530 at 5 (1989). Information that reveals a peace officers' home address, home telephone number, or social security number is excepted from disclosure under section 552.117(2). Upon review of the submitted information, we find no information that may be excepted under section 552.117.

Section 552.130 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure information that relates to "a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state[.]" Gov't Code § 552.130(a)(1). The city must withhold the Texas driver's license numbers in the submitted information under section 552.130.

Finally, we note that the submitted records include an individual's social security number. A social security number or "related record" may be excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 in conjunction with the 1990 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I). *See* Open Records Decision No. 622 (1994). These amendments make confidential social security numbers and related records that are obtained and maintained by a state agency or political subdivision of the state pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990. *See id.* We have no basis for concluding that any of the social security numbers in the file are confidential under section 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I), and therefore excepted from public disclosure under section 552.101 on the basis of that federal provision. We caution, however, that section 552.352 of the Public Information Act imposes criminal penalties for the release of confidential information. Prior to releasing any social security number information, you should ensure that no such information was obtained or is maintained by the city pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990.

To summarize, the submitted information must be released to the requestor with the exception of Texas driver's license numbers, which must be withheld under section 552.130, and social security numbers, if obtained or maintained by the city pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the

governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Michael A. Pearle
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

MAP/jh

Ref: ID# 168320

Encl. Submitted documents

cc: Jean Baumgardner
742 Meadowglen Circle
Coppell, Texas 75019
(w/o enclosures)