



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

December 22, 2003

Mr. Joe R. Tanguma
Gary, Thomasson, Hall & Marks
P.O. Box 2888
Corpus Christi, Texas 78403-2888

OR2003-9246

Dear Mr. Tanguma:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 193244.

The Gregory Portland Independent School District (the "district"), which you represent, received a request for documents related to the justification of a certain student search, the district's policies regarding student searches, and the district's surveillance video related to the search in question. You state that the documents pertaining to the justification for the student search and the district's policies on student searches are being made available to the requestor. However, you claim that the requested surveillance video is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 ("FERPA"), section 1232g of Title 20 of the United States Code, and sections 552.026 and 552.114 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

FERPA provides that no federal funds will be made available under any applicable program to an educational agency or institution that releases personally identifiable information (other than directory information) contained in a student's education records to anyone but certain enumerated federal, state, and local officials and institutions, unless otherwise authorized by

¹We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). Here, we do not address any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

the student's parent. *See* 20 U.S.C. §1232g(b)(1). "Education records" means those records that contain information directly related to a student and are maintained by an educational agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution. *Id.* § 1232g(a)(4)(A). This office generally applies the same analysis under section 552.114 of the Government Code and FERPA. Open Records Decision No. 539 (1990).

Section 552.114 excepts from disclosure student records at an educational institution funded completely or in part by state revenue. Section 552.026 provides as follows:

This chapter does not require the release of information contained in education records of an educational agency or institution, except in conformity with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, Sec. 513, Pub. L. No. 93-380, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.

In Open Records Decision No. 634 (1995), this office concluded that (1) an educational agency or institution may withhold from public disclosure information that is protected by FERPA and excepted from required public disclosure by sections 552.026 and 552.101 without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision as to those exceptions, and (2) an educational agency or institution that is state-funded may withhold from public disclosure information that is excepted from required public disclosure by section 552.114 as a "student record," insofar as the "student record" is protected by FERPA, without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision as to that exception.

Information must be withheld from required public disclosure under FERPA to the extent "reasonable and necessary to avoid personally identifying a particular student." *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 332 (1982), 206 (1978). Information that does not directly identify a student, but makes the identity of a student easily traceable, is confidential under FERPA and must be withheld. *See* Open Records Decision No. 224 (1979) (student's handwritten comments would make identity of student easily traceable and such comments are therefore excepted by statutory predecessor to section 552.114). The submitted surveillance video relates to district students and constitutes an education record for purposes of FERPA. Information identifying district students on the surveillance video is confidential pursuant to FERPA. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 332 (1982), 224 (1979), 206 (1978). We note that FERPA grants the parents of a student a right of access to the educational records of that student. *See* 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(a)(1)(A). You state that the submitted surveillance video "appear[s] to contain an image of the [requestor's] son, however, it also contains images of other students whose parents have not provided to the District their consent to disclosure." You also explain that "the District does not have the internal capability to edit or redact [the surveillance video] so as to only provide [the requestor] with a portion of [the surveillance video]." Because the images of students are presented throughout the submitted surveillance video and the district is unable to redact it, we conclude that the district must withhold the surveillance video in its entirety pursuant to FERPA.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



W. Montgomery Meitler
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

WMM/lmt

Ref: ID# 193244

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Chris Colley
c/o Joe R. Tanguma
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