



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

April 13, 2005

Mr. Mark Schnall
Langley & Banack, Inc.
745 East Mulberry, Suite 900
San Antonio, Texas 78212-3166

OR2005-03162

Dear Mr. Schnall:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 223349.

The City of Olmos Park (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for information concerning a specified incident. You claim that portions of the requested information are excepted from disclosure under sections 552.108 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.108(a) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if: (1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime." Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(A); *see also Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state that the information at issue relates to a pending criminal prosecution. Based on your representations and our review, we determine that the release of the information you seek to withhold under section 552.108 would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. *See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), *writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976)

(court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases). We therefore agree that section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable to the information you have marked.¹

We note, however that basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.108. Gov't Code § 552.108(c). Such basic information refers to the information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle*, and includes a "detailed description of the offense." See *Houston Chronicle*, 531 S.W.2d at 187; Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) (summarizing types of information considered to be basic information). Thus, the city must release a sufficient portion of the marked information to encompass a detailed description of the offense. The city may withhold the remainder of the marked information under section 552.108(a)(1). We note that the city has the discretion to release all or part of this information that is not otherwise confidential by law. Gov't Code § 552.007.

Section 552.130 of the Government Code provides in pertinent part:

(a) Information is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if the information relates to:

(1) a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state; [or]

(2) a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state[.]

Gov't Code § 552.130. We agree the city must withhold the vehicle identification number, Texas driver's license numbers, and Texas license plate numbers you have marked in the submitted documents pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code. The city must also withhold the license year and license type information we have marked pursuant to section 552.130.

We note that you ask this office to issue the city a previous determination allowing the city to withhold Texas motor vehicle driver's license, title, and registration information from disclosure under section 552.130 of the Government Code without the necessity of

¹ You state that the case at issue relates to a pending prosecution that "*has not* resulted in a conviction or deferred adjudication" (emphasis added). Section 552.108(a)(2) of the Government Code can apply to information that relates to a concluded case "*that did not* result in a conviction or deferred adjudication." See Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(2) (emphasis added). Please note that the reference to conviction or deferred adjudication in section 552.108(a)(2) solely pertains to cases that have reached a final result and are concluded. In this case, because you seek to withhold information pertaining to a case that is ongoing, section 552.108(a)(1) is the proper exception for the city to raise.

requesting an attorney general opinion. We decline to issue a previous determination to the city at this time. Accordingly, this letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us and may not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within ten calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Dr. Saldivar", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

David R. Saldivar
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

DRS/seg

Ref: ID# 223349

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Gregory Galameau
1603 Hawk Ridge
San Antonio, Texas 78248
(w/o enclosures)