



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

February 7, 2006

Ms. Susan Wheatley  
Office Administrator  
Public Information Coordinator Division  
Office of the Attorney General  
P.O. Box 12548  
Austin, Texas 78711-2548

OR2006-01257

Dear Ms. Wheatley:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 242472.

The Office of the Attorney General (the "OAG") received a request for all records from the Crime Victim Services Division pertaining to a specific applicant for crime victim's compensation. The OAG claims that the requested records are excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.132 of the Government Code. We have considered the OAG's claimed exceptions to disclosure and have reviewed the submitted sample of information.<sup>1</sup>

Section 552.132 of the Government Code provides in pertinent part as follows:

- (a) In this section, "crime victim" means a victim under Subchapter B, Chapter 56, Code of Criminal Procedure, who has filed an application for compensation under that subchapter.

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<sup>1</sup>We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

(b) A crime victim may elect whether to allow public access to information held by the crime victim's compensation division of the attorney general's office that relates to:

(1) the name, social security number, address, or telephone number of the crime victim; or

(2) any other information the disclosure of which would identify or tend to identify the crime victim.

(c) An election under Subsection (b) must be:

(1) made in writing on a form developed by the attorney general for that purpose and signed by the crime victim; and

(2) filed with the crime victims' compensation division before the third anniversary of the date that the crime victim filed the application for compensation.

Gov't Code § 552.132. The victim elected to withhold his identifying information from disclosure under section 552.132(b). Thus, we conclude the victim's identifying information is protected from disclosure. In most cases, the OAG would only be allowed to withhold the victim's identifying information from public disclosure. In this instance, however, the requestor knows the identity of the victim. Thus, withholding only the identifying information would not effectuate the purpose of the statute. Accordingly, we agree that the OAG must withhold the documents in their entirety under section 552.132 of the Government Code. Because section 552.132 is dispositive, we do not address the OAG's section 552.101 assertions.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

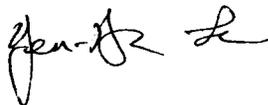
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Yen-Ha Le  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

YHL/sdk

Ref: ID# 242472

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Boyd A. Mouse  
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(w/o enclosures)