



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
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May 14, 2009

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OR2009-06550

Dear Mr. Noga:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 343018 (City of Coppell Open Records Request No. 9596).

The City of Coppell (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for a specified offense report and related information. You state that some of the information has been, or will be, released to the requestor. You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information protected by other statutes, including section 58.007 of the Family Code. The relevant language of section 58.007 provides:

(c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), law enforcement records and files concerning a child and information stored, by electronic means or otherwise, concerning the child from which a record or file could be generated may not be disclosed to the public and shall be:

(1) if maintained on paper or microfilm, kept separate from adult files and records;

(2) if maintained electronically in the same computer system as records or files relating to adults, be accessible under controls that are separate and distinct from controls to access electronic data concerning adults; and

(3) maintained on a local basis only and not sent to a central state or federal depository, except as provided by Subchapter B, D, and E.

...

(e) Law enforcement records and files concerning a child may be inspected or copied by a juvenile justice agency as that term is defined by Section 58.101, a criminal justice agency as that term is defined by Section 411.082, Government Code, the child, and the child's parent or guardian.

...

(j) Before a child or a child's parent or guardian may inspect or copy a record or file concerning the child under Subsection (e), the custodian of the record or file shall redact:

(1) any personally identifiable information about a juvenile suspect, offender, victim, or witness who is not the child; and

(2) any information that is excepted from required disclosure under Chapter 552, Government Code, or other law.

Fam. Code § 58.007(c), (e), (j). Juvenile law enforcement records relating to conduct that occurred on or after September 1, 1997 are confidential under section 58.007. *See* Act of June 2, 1997, 75th Leg., R.S., ch. 1086, §§ 20, 55 (a), 1997 Tex. Gen. Laws 4179, 4187, 4199; Open Records Decision No. 644 (1996). For purposes of section 58.007(c), "child" means a person who is ten years of age or older and under seventeen years of age at the time of the reported conduct. *See* Fam. Code § 51.02(2).

We have reviewed the information at issue and find that the submitted information involves allegations of juvenile conduct that occurred on or after September 1, 1997. *See id.* § 51.03(a), (b) (defining "delinquent conduct" and "conduct indicating a need for supervision"). Therefore, this information is a law enforcement record subject to section 58.007(c). However, as you acknowledge, the requestor in this instance is the parent

of one of the juvenile offenders listed in the report. Under section 58.007(e), a parent of a juvenile offender may inspect or copy law enforcement records concerning the parent's child. *See id.* § 58.007(e). Accordingly, the requestor has a right to inspect or copy the juvenile law enforcement records at issue. *See id.* However, any personally identifiable information concerning other juvenile suspects, offenders, victims, or witnesses must be redacted. *See id.* § 58.007(j)(1). Furthermore, section 58.007(j)(2) of the Family Code provides that before a parent may inspect juvenile law enforcement records, information subject to any other exception to disclosure under the Act or other law must also be redacted. *See id.* Therefore, we will consider your remaining arguments against disclosure.

Section 552.108(a)(1) excepts from disclosure “[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). A governmental body that claims an exception to disclosure under section 552.108 must reasonably explain how and why this exception is applicable to the information at issue. *See id.* § 552.301(e)(1)(A); *Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). We note that the submitted information includes copies of citations issued to one of the other juvenile offenders in this case. Because citations have been provided to the individual cited, we find that the release of this information will not interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. *See* Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). You state, and the submitted documents indicate, that the remaining submitted information is the subject of pending criminal prosecutions by the Dallas County District Attorney. Based on your representation and our review, we conclude that section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable to the remaining submitted information. *See Houston Chronicle Publ’g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), *writ ref’d n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases).

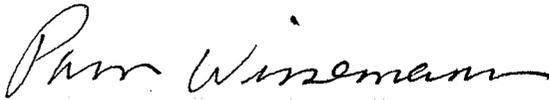
However, as you acknowledge, section 552.108 does not except from disclosure “basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime.” Gov’t Code § 552.108(c). Section 552.108(c) refers to the basic front-page information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle*. *See* 531 S.W.2d at 186-87; Open Records Decision No. 127 at 3-4 (1976) (summarizing types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*). Thus, with the exception of basic information, which you state will be released, and the citations, the city may withhold the submitted information under section 552.108(a)(1).¹ However, the city may not release as basic information any information that identifies or tends to identify juvenile offenders other than the requestor’s son. *See* Fam. Code § 58.007(j)(1). Furthermore, the city must redact from the citations any information that identifies or tends to identify the juvenile offender. *See id.*

¹As our ruling is dispositive, we do not address your other argument against disclosure.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

Sincerely,



Pamela Wissemann
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

PFW/jb

Ref: ID# 343018

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)