



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

April 2, 2013

Ms. Zeena Angadicheril
Office of General Counsel
The University of Texas System
201 West Seventh Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2902

OR2013-05232

Dear Ms. Angadicheril:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 483020 (OGC# 146726)

The University of Texas at Austin (the "university") received a request for all information pertaining to research grants or awards with a specified principal investigator and any information pertaining to an application made by the specified investigator for Institutional Review Board ("IRB") approval of use of human subjects in research. You state the university has released some of the requested information to the requestor. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

Initially, you acknowledge, and we agree, the university did not comply with the procedural requirements of section 552.301 of the Government Code in requesting this decision. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(b), (e). Pursuant to section 552.302 of the Government Code, a governmental body's failure to comply with the requirements of section 552.301 of the

¹We assume the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Government Code results in the legal presumption the requested information is public and must be released unless a compelling reason exists to withhold the information from disclosure. *Id.* § 552.302; *Simmons v. Kuzmich*, 166 S.W.3d 342, 350 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 2005, no pet.); *Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins.*, 797 S.W.2d 379, 381 (Tex. App.—Austin 1990, no writ); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 630 (1994). Generally, a compelling reason to withhold information exists where some other source of law makes the information confidential or where third party interests are at stake. Open Records Decision No. 150 at 2 (1977). Because the university's claim under section 552.101 of the Government Code can provide a compelling reason for non-disclosure under section 552.302, we will address your arguments under that exception.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code, which provides in part:

(a) The records and proceedings of a medical committee are confidential and are not subject to court subpoena.

...

(c) Records, information, or reports of a medical committee, medical peer review committee, or compliance officer and records, information, or reports provided by a medical committee, medical peer review committee, or compliance officer to the governing body of a public hospital, hospital district, or hospital authority are not subject to disclosure under [the Act].

...

(f) This section and Subchapter A, Chapter 160, Occupations Code, do not apply to records made or maintained in the regular course of business by a hospital, health maintenance organization, medical organization, university medical center or health science center, hospital district, hospital authority, or extended care facility.

Health & Safety Code § 161.032(a), (c), (f) (footnote omitted). For purposes of this confidentiality provision, a "medical committee" includes any committee, including a joint committee, of . . . a university medical school or health science center[.]" *Id.* § 161.031(a). The term also encompasses "a committee appointed ad hoc to conduct a specific investigation or established under state or federal law or rule or under the bylaws or rules of the organization or institution." *Id.* § 161.031(b). Section 161.0315 provides in relevant part that "[t]he governing body of a . . . university medical school or health science center . . .

may form . . . a medical committee, as defined by section 161.031, to evaluate medical peer review committee and health care services[.]” *Id.* § 161.0315(a).

The precise scope of the “medical committee” provision has been the subject of a number of judicial decisions. *See, e.g., Memorial Hosp.—The Woodlands v. McCown*, 927 S.W.2d 1 (Tex. 1996); *Barnes v. Whittington*, 751 S.W.2d 493 (Tex. 1988); *Jordan v. Fourth Supreme Judicial Dist.*, 701 S.W.2d 644 (Tex. 1986). These cases establish that “documents generated by the committee in order to conduct open and thorough review” are confidential. This protection extends “to documents that have been prepared by or at the direction of the committee for committee purposes.” *Jordan*, 701 S.W.2d at 647-48. Protection does not extend to documents “gratuitously submitted to a committee” or “created without committee impetus and purpose.” *Id.* at 648; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 591 (1991) (construing, among other statutes, statutory predecessor to section 161.032). We note section 161.032 does not make confidential “records made or maintained in the regular course of business by a . . . university medical center or health science center[.]” Health & Safety Code § 161.032(f); *see McCown*, 927 S.W.2d at 10 (stating that reference to statutory predecessor to Occ. Code § 160.007 in Health and Safety Code § 161.032 is clear signal that records should be accorded same treatment under both statutes in determining if they were made in ordinary course of business). The phrase “records made or maintained in the regular course of business” has been construed to mean records that are neither created nor obtained in connection with a medical committee’s deliberative proceedings. *See McCown*, 927 S.W.2d at 9-10 (discussing *Barnes*, 751 S.W.2d 493, and *Jordan*, 701 S.W.2d 644).

You state the information you have marked consists of records prepared for or at the direction of the IRB. You state the IRB is a medical committee established pursuant to federal law in order “to review, to approve the initiation of, and to conduct periodic review of, biomedical research involving human subjects.”² 21 C.F.R. § 56.102(g). We have previously found, on multiple occasions, the university’s IRB is a medical committee for purposes of section 161.032. You explain this committee is charged with “reviewing and approving research involving human subjects” at the university. Based on your representations and our review of the information at issue, we conclude the university must withhold the information you have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code.³

²*See* 42 U.S.C. § 289(a) (providing that Secretary of Health and Human Services shall by regulation require that each entity which applies for grant, contract, or cooperative agreement for any project or program which involves conduct of biomedical or behavioral research involving human subjects submit in or with its application for such grant, contract, or cooperative agreement assurances satisfactory to Secretary that it has established “Institutional Review Board” to review biomedical and behavioral research involving human subjects conducted at or supported by such entity).

³As our ruling for this information is dispositive, we need not address your remaining argument against disclosure for this information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as section 51.914 of the Education Code, which provides, in pertinent part:

(a) In order to protect the actual or potential value, the following information is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under [the Act], or otherwise:

(1) all information relating to a product, device, or process, the application or use of such a product, device, or process, and all technological and scientific information (including computer programs) developed in whole or in part at a state institution of higher education, regardless of whether patentable or capable of being registered under copyright or trademark laws, that have a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee; [or]

(2) any information relating to a product, device, or process, the application or use of such product, device, or process, and any technological and scientific information (including computer programs) that is the proprietary information of a person, partnership, corporation, or federal agency that has been disclosed to an institution of higher education solely for the purposes of a written research contract or grant that contains a provision prohibiting the institution of higher education from disclosing such proprietary information to third persons or parties[.]

Educ. Code § 51.914(a)(1)-(2). As noted in Open Records Decision No. 651 (1997), the legislature is silent as to how this office or a court is to determine whether particular scientific information has “a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee.” ORD 651 at 9. Furthermore, whether particular scientific information has such a potential is a question of fact that this office is unable to resolve in the opinion process. *See id.* Thus, this office has stated that in considering whether requested information has “a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee,” we will rely on a governmental body’s assertion that the information has this potential. *See id.* *But see id.* at 10 (stating that university’s determination that information has potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for fee is subject to judicial review). We note section 51.914 is not applicable to working titles of experiments or other information that does not reveal the details of the research. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 557 at 3 (1990), 497 at 6-7 (1988).

You state the information you have marked in the remaining information contains the details of research conducted by university employees and includes research protocols and the findings of various research projects. You inform us the information at issue has not been published. You state this information has the potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee. Based on your representations and our review, we agree the information at issue is

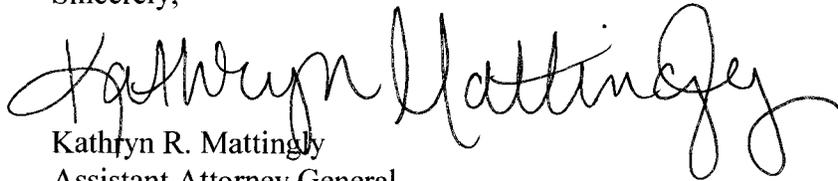
confidential under section 51.914 of the Education Code, and the university must withhold it under section 552.101 of the Government Code.

In summary, the university must withhold the information you have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code and the information you have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 51.914 of the Education Code. The remaining information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Kathryn R. Mattingly
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

KRM/bhf

Ref: ID# 483020

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)