



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

June 5, 2014

Ms. Kristen L. Hamilton
Assistant City Attorney
City of El Paso
P.O. Box 1890
El Paso, Texas 79950-1890

OR2014-09681

Dear Ms. Hamilton:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 527189 (City Reference No. W029173-040214).

The City of El Paso (the "city") received a request for information pertaining to travel records of the mayor for a specified time frame, including travel dates, purpose of travel, destinations, length of trips, and any associated expenses. You state you have released some information. You claim portions of the submitted information are excepted from disclosure under section 552.131 of the Government Code. Additionally, you state release of the requested information may implicate the proprietary interests of a third party. Accordingly, you state, and provide documentation showing, you notified a third party of this request for information and of the company's right to submit arguments as to why the requested information should not be released. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305 (permitting interested third parties to submit to attorney general reasons why requested information should not be released); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (determining statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in certain circumstances). We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

An interested third party is allowed ten business days after the date of its receipt of the governmental body's notice under section 552.305(d) to submit its reasons, if any, as to why information relating to that party should be withheld from public disclosure. *See* Gov't Code

§ 552.305(d)(2)(B). As of the date of this letter, we have not received comments from the third party explaining why any portion of the submitted information should not be released. Therefore, we have no basis to conclude the third party has a protected proprietary interest in the submitted information. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 661 at 5-6 (1999) (to prevent disclosure of commercial or financial information, third party must show by specific factual evidence, not conclusory or generalized allegations, that release of requested information would cause that party substantial competitive harm), 552 at 5 (1990) (party must establish *prima facie* case that information is trade secret), 542 at 3. Accordingly, the city may not withhold any of the submitted information on the basis of any proprietary interest the third party may have in it.

Section 552.131 of the Government Code relates to economic development information and provides in part:

(a) Information is excepted from [required public disclosure] if the information relates to economic development negotiations involving a governmental body and a business prospect that the governmental body seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near the territory of the governmental body and the information relates to:

(1) a trade secret of the business prospect; or

(2) commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.

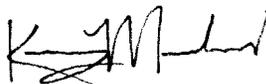
Gov't Code § 552.131(a). Section 552.131(a) excepts from disclosure only "trade secret[s] of [a] business prospect" and "commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained." *Id.* This aspect of section 552.131 is co-extensive with section 552.110 of the Government Code. *See id.* § 552.110(a)-(b); Open Records Decision Nos. 552 at 5 (1990), 661 at 5-6 (1999). We note section 552.131(a) does not protect the interests of a governmental body regarding the release of information pertaining to economic development negotiations. Thus, we do not address your arguments under section 552.131(a) for the information at issue. Further, we have not received arguments from any third party explaining how the submitted information contains the third party's trade secrets or its commercial or financial information. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305(d)(2)(B). Because no third party has demonstrated the information at issue qualifies as a trade secret or release of the information at issue would result in substantial competitive harm, we conclude none of the submitted information at issue may be withheld pursuant to section 552.131(a).

Section 552.137 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “an e-mail address of a member of the public that is provided for the purpose of communicating electronically with a governmental body,” unless the member of the public consents to its release or the e-mail address is of a type specifically excluded by subsection (c). *See id.* § 552.137(a)-(c). Section 552.137 does not apply to an institutional e-mail address, the general e-mail address of a business, an e-mail address of a person who as a contractual relationship with a governmental body, an e-mail address of a vendor who seeks to contract with a governmental body, an e-mail address maintained by a governmental entity for one of its officials or employees, or an e-mail address provided to a governmental body on a letterhead. *See id.* § 552.137(c). We note the submitted information includes personal e-mail addresses. Upon review, we find the city must withhold the e-mail addresses we marked under section 552.137 of the Government Code, unless their owners affirmatively consent to their public disclosure or subsection (c) applies. As no other exception to disclosure of the remaining information has been raised, it must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Kenny Moreland
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

KJM/tch

Ref: ID# 527189

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)