



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
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October 22, 2014

Mr. Peter T. Harding  
Counsel for Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 166  
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.  
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OR2014-19013

Dear Mr. Harding:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 544749.

The Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 166 (the "district"), which you represent, received a request for any current energy procurement or energy demand response services contract. The district does not take a position as to whether the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under the Act. However, the district states, and provides documentation showing, it notified the Texas General Land Office (the "GLO") and Reliant Energy Texas Retail, L.L.C. ("Reliant"), of the district's receipt of the request for information and of the right of each to submit arguments to this office as to why the requested information should not be released. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305(d); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 542 at 3 (1990) (statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in the Act in certain circumstances). In correspondence to this office, the GLO claims the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.104 and 552.110 of the Government Code. We have reviewed the submitted arguments and information.

Section 552.104 of the Government Code excepts from required public disclosure "information that, if released, would give advantage to a competitor or bidder." Gov't Code § 552.104. This exception protects a governmental body's interests in connection with

competitive bidding and in certain other competitive situations. *See* Open Records Decision No. 593 (1991) (construing statutory predecessor). This office has held that a governmental body may seek protection as a competitor in the marketplace under section 552.104 and avail itself of the “competitive advantage” aspect of this exception if it can satisfy two criteria. *See id.* First, the governmental body must demonstrate that it has specific marketplace interests. *See id.* at 3. Second, the governmental body must demonstrate a specific threat of actual or potential harm to its interests in a particular competitive situation. *See id.* at 5. Thus, the question of whether the release of particular information will harm a governmental body’s legitimate interests as a competitor in a marketplace depends on the sufficiency of the governmental body’s demonstration of the prospect of specific harm to its marketplace interests in a particular competitive situation. *See id.* at 10. A general allegation of a remote possibility of harm is not sufficient. *See* Open Records Decision No. 514 at 2 (1988).

The GLO asserts it has specific marketplace interests in the submitted information because the GLO is authorized by statute to sell or otherwise convey power generated from royalties taken in kind. Util. Code § 35.102. The GLO advises under that authority it has created the State Power Program, with Reliant as its representative, for the right to sell electrical energy to public retail customers. The GLO states it competes with other private companies for the awards of these contracts. Based on these representations, we find the GLO has demonstrated it has specific marketplace interests and may be considered a “competitor” for purposes of section 552.104. *See* ORD 593.

The GLO contends the release of the submitted information would harm its marketplace interests because this information details the services and the prices the GLO charges for such services in order to provide the district with its electrical needs. The GLO further asserts release of the information would allow competitors to gain insight into the GLO’s business and marketing strategies, which would put the GLO at a disadvantage in the marketplace. Thus, the GLO contends allowing competitors access to the submitted information will undermine its ability to compete in this marketplace. Based on the GLO’s representations and arguments, we conclude the GLO has shown release of the submitted information would cause specific harm to the GLO’s marketplace interests. *See id.* Therefore, we conclude the district may withhold the submitted information under section 552.104 of the Government Code.<sup>1</sup>

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

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<sup>1</sup>As our ruling is dispositive, we do not address the other arguments to withhold this information.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl\\_ruling\\_info.shtml](http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



James L. Coggeshall  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JLC/cbz

Ref: ID# 544749

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)

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