



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

July 2, 2015

Mr. Grant Jordan
Assistant City Attorney
Office of the City Attorney
City of Fort Worth
1000 Throckmorton Street, 3rd Floor
Fort Worth, Texas 76102

OR2015-13296

Dear Mr. Jordan:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 569919 (PIR No. W041933).

The Fort Worth Police Department (the "department") received a request for all police or domestic violence calls during a specified time period regarding a specified address and named individual. You state the department has provided some of the requested information to the requestor. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information made confidential by other statutes, such as section 58.007 of the Family Code, which provides, in relevant part:

(c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), law enforcement records and files concerning a child and information stored, by electronic means or otherwise, concerning the child from which a record or file could be generated may not be disclosed to the public and shall be:

(1) if maintained on paper or microfilm, kept separate from adult files and records;

(2) if maintained electronically in the same computer system as records or files relating to adults, be accessible under controls that are separate and distinct from controls to access electronic data concerning adults; and

(3) maintained on a local basis only and not sent to a central state or federal depository, except as provided by Subchapters B, D, and E.

Fam. Code § 58.007(c). Section 58.007(c) is applicable to records of juvenile delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision that occurred on or after September 1, 1997. *See id.* § 51.03(a)-(b) (defining “delinquent conduct” and “conduct indicating a need for supervision” for purposes of section 58.007). For purposes of section 58.007(c), “child” means a person who is ten years of age or older and under seventeen years of age at the time of the reported conduct. *See id.* § 51.02(2). Although you assert the submitted information is confidential under section 58.007, we find the information at issue does not involve a juvenile as a suspect or offender of delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision for purposes of section 58.007. Accordingly, we find you have not demonstrated the applicability of section 58.007(c) of the Family Code to the information at issue. Consequently, the department may not withhold any of the submitted information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 58.007(c) of the Family Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses section 261.201 of the Family Code, which provides, in relevant part:

(a) [T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under [the Act], and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

Id. § 261.201(a). The submitted information was used or developed in an investigation by the department of alleged or suspected child abuse. *See id.* § 261.001(1) (defining “abuse”

for purposes of Fam. Code ch. 261); *see also id.* § 101.003(a) (defining “child” for purposes of this section as person under 18 years of age who is not and has not been married or who has not had the disabilities of minority removed for general purposes). Thus, we find the submitted information is within the scope of section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. As you do not indicate the department has adopted a rule that governs the release of this type of information, we assume no such rule exists. Given that assumption, we find the submitted information is generally confidential under section 261.201(a) of the Family Code.

The submitted information indicates the requestor is a representative of a child-placing agency that is licensed by the Texas Department of Family Protective Services (“DFPS”) in accordance with chapter 42 of the Human Resources Code, and the individual whose information she requested is a current or prospective foster parent. *See generally* Hum. Res. Code ch. 42. Section 261.201 of the Family Code provides information encompassed by subsection (a) may be disclosed “for purposes consistent with [the Family Code] and applicable federal or state law.” Fam. Code § 261.201(a). Section 749.2447(7) of title 40 of the Texas Administrative Code constitutes such “applicable state law.”

A child-placing agency must complete a foster home screening prior to verifying a foster home. *See* 40 T.A.C. § 749.2445(a); Hum. Res. Code § 42.042(a), (h)-(h-1) (DFPS shall make rules to carry out provisions of chapter 42, including minimum standards for child-placing agencies). Further, child-placing agencies are required to evaluate a foster home for compliance with licensing rules in certain instances. *See* 40 T.A.C. § 749.2801. As part of the screening, the agency must obtain certain information as set forth at section 749.2447. 40 T.A.C. §§ 749.2445(c)(1), .2471(1); *cf.* Hum. Res. Code § 42.0561 (providing, in part, that “[b]efore . . . a child-placing agency may issue a verification certificate for an agency foster home, the . . . child-placing agency must obtain information relating to each family violence report at the applicant’s residence to which a law enforcement agency responded during the 12 months preceding the date of the application. The applicant shall provide the information on a form prescribed by the department.”). Section 749.2447(7) provides a child-placing agency must obtain, document, and assess, in part, the following information about a prospective foster home:

The results of criminal history and central registry background checks conducted on the prospective foster parents[.] . . . With respect to law enforcement service call information, [the child-placing agency] *must do the following*:

(A) *Obtain service call information from the appropriate law enforcement agency for the prospective foster parents’ addresses for the past two years.* Discuss with the prospective foster parents any service call information that [the child-placing agency] obtain[s] from a law enforcement agency and the facts surrounding the incident.

...

(C) Assess and document information obtained from law enforcement and any discussion with the prospective foster parents in the foster home screening.

40 T.A.C. § 749.2447(7)(A), (C) (emphasis added); *see id.* § 749.2445(a); *see id.* §§ 745.21(8) (defining “child-placing agency”), (32) (defining ““permit”), (33) (defining “permit holder”), 749.41(1) (defining “you” as applicant or permit holder), .43 (words and terms in chapter 749 have meanings assigned under section 745.21). Thus, section 749.2447(7) of title 40 of the Texas Administrative Code requires a child-placing agency to obtain all service call information for a two year period for service calls to the addresses of prospective foster parents from appropriate law enforcement agencies. *See id.* Accordingly, we find a child-placing agency licensed by DFPS under chapter 42 of the Human Resources Code has a right of access to this information under section 749.2447(7) when it is obtained for the purpose of verifying a current or prospective foster home pursuant to the requirements of section 749.2445 or section 749.2471.

In this instance, the requestor is seeking police and domestic violence reports involving a current or prospective foster parent at her residence for the previous two years. Accordingly, we conclude the requestor has a right of access to the submitted information pursuant to section 749.2447(7) of title 40 of the Texas Administrative Code. Although you seek to withhold this information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy, we note a specific statutory right of access overcomes the common law. *See Collins v. Tex Mall, LP.*, 297 S.W.3d 409, 415 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 2009, no pet.) (statutory provision controls and preempts common law only when statute directly conflicts with common-law principle). However, as noted above, section 261.201(a) states any release must be “for purposes consistent with the Family Code.” *See Fam. Code* § 261.201(a). We find release of the information at issue to this requestor is for a purpose consistent with the Family Code. Therefore, pursuant to section 749.2447(7) of title 40 of the Texas Administrative Code, the department may not withhold this information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201 of the Family Code. Accordingly, the department must release the submitted information to the requestor in its entirety.¹

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

¹Because this requestor has a special right of access to the information being released, if the department receives another request for this same information from a different requestor, the department must again seek a ruling from this office. *See* 40 T.A.C. § 749.2447(7)(A), (C).

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Leah B. Wingerson
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

LBW/bhf

Ref: ID# 569919

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)