



KEN PAXTON
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

June 7, 2016

Ms. Lindsey Wolf
General Counsel
Office of the Secretary of State
P.O. Box 12697
Austin, Texas 78711-2697

OR2016-12980

Dear Ms. Wolf:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 613084.

The Office of the Secretary of State (the "secretary's office") received a request for all documents relating to two specified entities.¹ You state you released some information, with redactions made pursuant to sections 552.136(c) and 552.137 of the Government Code.² You state the remaining requested information is not subject to the Act. Alternatively, you claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the

¹You state the secretary's office sought and received clarification of the information requested. *See* Gov't Code § 552.222 (providing if request for information is unclear, governmental body may ask requestor to clarify request); *see also* *City of Dallas v. Abbott*, 304 S.W.3d 380, 387 (Tex. 2010) (holding that when a governmental entity, acting in good faith, requests clarification or narrowing of an unclear or overbroad request for information, the ten-day period to request an attorney general ruling is measured from the date the request is clarified or narrowed).

²Section 552.136(c) of the Government Code allows a governmental body to redact the information described in section 552.136(b) without the necessity of seeking a decision from the attorney general. *See* Gov't Code § 552.136(c). If a governmental body redacts such information, it must notify the requestor in accordance with section 552.136(e). *See id.* § 552.136(d), (e). Open Records Decision No. 684 is a previous determination to all governmental bodies authorizing them to withhold certain information, including an e-mail address of a member of the public under section 552.137 of the Government Code, without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision.

Government Code.³ We have considered the submitted arguments and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.⁴

You assert the submitted information consists of records held on behalf of a grand jury. The judiciary is expressly excluded from the requirements of the Act. *See* Gov't Code § 552.003(1)(B); *see also id.* § 552.0035 (access to judicial records is governed by Supreme Court of Texas or other applicable laws or rules). This office has determined a grand jury, for purposes of the Act, is a part of the judiciary and therefore not subject to the Act. *See* Open Records Decision No. 411 (1984). Further, records kept by a governmental body that is acting as an agent for a grand jury are considered records in the constructive possession of the grand jury, and therefore are also not subject to the Act. *See* Open Records Decisions Nos. 513 (1988), 411, 398 (1983). However, the fact that information collected or prepared by another person or entity is submitted to the grand jury does not necessarily mean such information is in the grand jury's constructive possession when the same information is also held in the other person's or entity's own capacity. Such information, when not produced at the direction of the grand jury, may well be protected under one of the Act's specific exceptions to disclosure; but such information is not excluded from the reach of the Act by the judiciary exclusion. *See* ORD 513. Upon review, we find the secretary's office has failed to demonstrate the submitted information consists of records of the judiciary. Further, we find the submitted information is held by the secretary's office in its own capacity and, therefore, is subject to the Act. *See* Gov't Code § 552.002 (providing information collected, assembled, or maintained in connection with the transaction of official business by a governmental body is "public information"). Accordingly, we will address the applicability of the Act to the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." *Id.* § 552.101. This section encompasses information protected by other statutes, such as article 20.02 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which provides "[t]he proceedings of the grand jury shall be secret." Crim. Proc. Code art. 20.02(a). In construing article 20.02 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the types of "proceedings" Texas courts have generally stated are secret are testimony presented to the grand jury and the deliberations of the grand jury. *See In re Reed*, 227 S.W.3d 273, 276 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2007, orig. proceeding).

³We note the secretary's office failed to comply with section 552.301 of the Government Code in requesting a ruling with respect to some of the submitted information; however, section 552.101 of the Government Code is a mandatory exception that constitutes a compelling reason to withhold information sufficient to overcome the presumption of openness caused by a failure to comply with section 552.301. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.007, .301, .302, .352. Accordingly, we will consider the applicability of section 552.101.

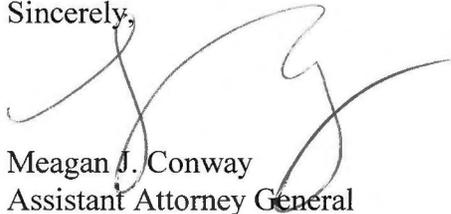
⁴We assume the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Upon review, we find no portion of the submitted information reveals grand jury testimony or deliberations of the grand jury. Therefore, we conclude the secretary's office may not withhold any of the submitted information under section 552.101 in conjunction with article 20.02(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure. *Cf.* Open Records Decision No. 513 at 4 (1988) (fact that information collected or prepared by another person or entity is submitted to grand jury does not necessarily mean that such information is confidential in possession of district attorney). As no further exceptions to disclosure have been raised, the secretary's office must release the submitted information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Meagan J. Conway
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

MJC/akg

Ref: ID# 613084

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)