

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

Austin 11, Texas

GERALD C. MANN
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ATTORNEY GENERAL

June 12, 1939

Honorable E. H. Thronton, Jr. Chariman Appropriations Committee House of Representatives Austin. Texas

Dear Sir:

Opinion No. 0-941
Re: Authority of Legislature to make appropriation to rebuild a school buiding destroyed by a storm.

We are in receipt of your letter of June 7, 1939, wherein you advise that the school building belonging to the Clyde Independent School District was destroyed in a storm which visited that community some months ago. You request our opinion as to whether or not the Legislature has the authority to make an appropriation out of the general revenue fund of this State to erect a school building in lieu of the one thus destroyed, and to equip the same.

Article 3, Section 56, of the State Constitution provides that "the Legislature shall not, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, pass any local or special law, authorizing. . . the building or repairing of school houses, and the raising of money for such purposes."

Article 3, Section 51, Constitution of Texas provides that "The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporations whatsoever, . .; provided that the Legislature may reduce the tax rate herein levied, and provided further that the provisions of this section shall not be construed so as to prevent the grant of aid in cases of public calamity."

For the purposes of this opinion it may be conceded that Section 56 of Article 3 of the Constitution would ordinarily prevent the Legislature from making an appropriation for the purpose of building a school house. Said Section 56 expressly provides for exceptions otherwise provided in the Constitution and in our opinion a case of public calamity within the terms of Section 51 would constitute such an exception.

As construed by our courts Section 51 does not prevent the Legislature from making a grant of public money to a municipal corporation where the grant is for the purpose of discharging a state obligation. City of Aransas Pass v. Keeling, 247 S. W. 818; Bexar County v. Linden, 220 S. W. 761; Road District No. 4 Shelby County v. Allred, 68 S W. (2) 164. That construction has not been made to depend upon the happening of a public calamity. If a public calamity should be of such proportions as to affect the State as a whole, the granting of relief from the same would be a State purpose and we would have no need to call upon the exception contained in said Sec. 51. To give meaning to such exception, therefore, we are constrained to hold that a grant of public money may be made in a case of public calamity although such calamity may not be of such proportions as to have a direct effect upon the State as a whole.

In our opinion, the Legislature has the authority to make the appropriation under consideration, if the storm was of such severity as to impair taxable values in the community and the ability of the tax-payers to pay their taxes, and the Legislature finds that it constitutes a public calamity.

Yours very truly

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

By Glenn R. Lewis Assistant

GRL-MR/pam APPROVED GERALD C. MANN ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

APPROVED OPINION COMMITTEE BY BWB. CHAIRMAN